History - Year 3	
Autumn 2	
Life in the pot banks	 Pottery has been used for thousands of years but it was first made in factories 300 years ago. Wedgwood, Emma Bridgewater, Middleport, Gladstone, Spode and Port Merion are all famous pottery makers from Stoke-on-Trent. Stoke-on-Trent was the most important place for making pottery in Britain because it had a good supply of clay which was used to make pottery. Pottery was transported all over the country from Stoke-on-Trent using the canal system. From there it was sent on big ships all over the world. Many different types of people from Stoke-on-Trent would have worked in the pottery industry. This included children. There were lots of different jobs in the pottery industry. Many people working in the pottery industry were paid 'piecemeal' which means they got paid for each piece of pottery they made. Conditions in the pottery factories were very poor. They often made the workers ill.
Spring 2	
From the Stone Age to the Iron Age	 'Pre-History' was the period before writing was used to record things. The Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age lasted from 10,000BC – 43AD in Britain. This period was called 'Pre-History' The Stone Age began around 2.5 million years ago. The Iron Age began around 2800 years ago. People changed from living in caves during the Stone Age to small farms and hill forts in the Iron Age. People changed from being hunter gatherers in the Stone Age to eating cooked meals in the Iron Age. The population of Britain grew from about 50,000 to over 1 million by the end of the Iron Age. Stone Aged people used tools and weapons made of stone, bronze aged people used tools and weapons made of iron.
Summer 2	
Ancient Greece	 The Ancient Greeks were around from 1200 BC to 146BC. The Ancient Greeks lived around 4000 years ago. Greece was divided up into lots of different areas called 'city-states'. The most famous city-states were Athens and Sparta. Each 'city state' was ruled by a King. The Ancient Greeks were famous for theatre, medicine, writing books and the Olympics. The Ancient Greeks came up with many inventions that we still use today.